

200G QSFP FR4 Optical Transceiver PN: VO-2CFR4CS-ANA

Product Overview

Vitex's 200G QSFP56 FR4 optical transceiver delivers high-speed, long-reach data transmission with a compact, hotpluggable design. Compliant with IEEE 802.3bs 200GBASE-FR4, it supports a 4x53.125Gb/s electrical interface (200GAUI-4) and operates over single-mode fiber for distances up to 2km. With a low power consumption of 5.5W and a single +3.3V power supply, it ensures efficient performance in high-density networking environments.

Features

- Hot-pluggable QSFP56 form factor
- Compliant IEEE802.3bs 200GBASE-FR4
- 4x53.125Gb/s electrical interface (200GAUI-4)
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Case temperature range: 0 70°C
- Maximum power consumption 5.5W
- Up to 2km reach on single mode fiber
- LC duplex connector
- RoHS complaint

Ordering Information

| Part Number | Description |
|----------------|---|
| VQ-2CFR4CS-ANA | 200G QSFP56 FR4, 2km SMF, 1310nm CWDM, EML, Duplex-LC, C-temp |

General Specifications

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | |
|------------------------------------|--------|-------|---------|-------|------|------|
| Storage Temperature | TS | -40 | | 85 | °C | |
| Power Supply Voltage (Maximum) | Vcc | -0.3 | | 3.6 | V | |
| Control Input Voltage | VI | -0.3 | | 3.465 | V | |
| Relative Humidity (non-condensing) | RH | 15 | | 85 | % | |
| Maximum Power Consumption | Pmax | | | 5.5 | W | |
| Operating Case Temperature | TOPR | 0 | - | 70 | °C | |
| Power Supply Voltage (Recommended) | Vcc | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V | |
| Signaling Rate per Lane | SRL | - | 26.5625 | - | Gbd | PAM4 |

Optical – Transmitter

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Remarks |
|---|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|---------|
| Wavelength L0 | λC0 | 1264.5 | 1271 | 1277.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L1 | λCI | 1284.5 | 1291 | 1297.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L2 | λC2 | 1304.5 | 1311 | 1317.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L3 | λC3 | 1324.5 | 1331 | 1337.5 | nm | |
| Side-mode suppression ratio | SMSR | 30 | | | dB | |
| Average Launch Power, each lane | AOPL | -4.2 | | 4.7 | dBm | 1 |
| Difference in launch power between any two lanes (OMAouter) | DP | | | 4 | dB | |
| Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA _{outer}), each lane | ΤΟΜΑ | -1.2 | | 4.5 | dBm | 2 |
| Launch power in OMAouter minus TDECQ | | | | | dBm | |
| Transmitter and dispersion eye closure for PAM4 (TDECQ), each lane | TDECQ | | | 3.3 | dB | |
| Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter, each lane | TOFF | | | -30 | dBm | |
| Extinction ratio, each lane | ER | 3.5 | | | dB | |
| RIN17,10MA | RIN | | | -132 | dB/Hz | |
| Optical Return Loss Tolerance | ORL | | | 17.1 | dB | |
| Transmitter Reflectance | TR | | | -26 | dB | 3 |

1. Average launch power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength

2. Even if the TDECQ < 1.4 dB for an extinction ratio of ≥4.5 dB or TDECQ < 1.3 dB for an extinction ratio of < 4.5 dB, the OMAouter (min) must exceed this value

3. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical input signal having this average power level

Optical – Receiver

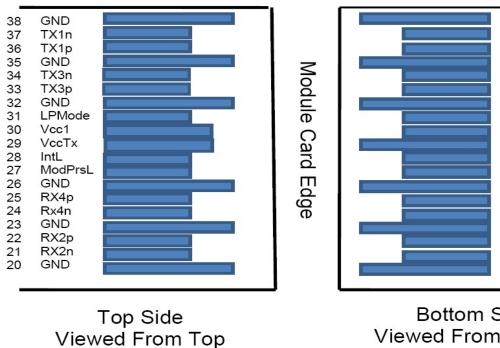
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Notes |
|---|--------|--------|---------|--------|------|-------|
| Wavelength L0 | γC0 | 1264.5 | 1271 | 1277.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L1 | λC1 | 1284.5 | 1291 | 1297.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L2 | λC2 | 1304.5 | 1311 | 1317.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L3 | λC3 | 1324.5 | 1331 | 1337.5 | nm | |
| Damage Threshold, each lane | AOPD | 5.7 | | | dBm | 1 |
| Average Receive Power, each lane | AOPR | -8.2 | | 4.7 | dBm | 2 |
| Difference in receiving power between any two lanes (OMAouter) | DR | | | 4.1 | dB | |
| Receiver Reflectance | RR | | | -26 | dB | |
| Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane | SOMA | | | -6.5 | dBm | 3 |
| Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane | SRS | | | -3.6 | dBm | |
| LOS De-Assert | LOSD | | | -9 | dBm | |
| LOS Assert | LOSA | -22 | | -12 | dBm | |
| LOS Hysteresis | | 0.5 | | | dB | |
| Conditions of stressed receiver sensitivity test | | | | | | |
| Stressed eye closure for PAM4 (SECQ) | | | 3.4 | | dB | |
| OMAouter of each aggressor lane | | | 1.4 | | dBm | |

1. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical input signal having this average power level

2. Average receive power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength.

3. Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max) is informative and is defined for a transmitter with SECQ up to 1.4 dB.

Electrical Connector Layout



Bottom Side Viewed From Bottom

GND

TX2n

TX2p

GND

TX4n

TX4p

GND

ModselL

ResetL

VccRx

SCL

SDA

GND

RX3p

Rx3n

GND

RX1p

RX1n

GND

1

2

3

4567

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

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19



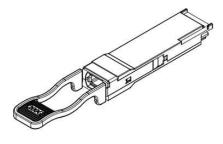
Electrical Pin Definition

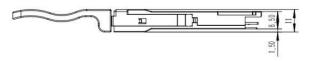
| PIN # | Logic | Symbol | Description | Plug Sequence | Notes |
|-------|------------|---------|-------------------------------------|---------------|-------|
| 1 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | CML-I | Tx2n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | 3 | |
| 3 | CML-I | Tx2p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | 3 | |
| 4 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | CML-I | Tx4n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | 3 | |
| 6 | CML-I | Tx4p | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | 3 | |
| 7 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 8 | LVTTL-I | ModSelL | Module Select | 3 | |
| 9 | LVTTL-I | ResetL | Module Reset | 3 | |
| 10 | | Vcc Rx | +3.3V Power Supply Receiver | 2 | 2 |
| 11 | LVCMOS-I/O | SCL | 2-wire serial interface clock | 3 | |
| 12 | LVCMOS-I/O | SDA | 2-wire serial interface data | 3 | |
| 13 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 14 | CML-O | Rx3p | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output | 3 | |
| 15 | CML-O | Rx3n | Receiver Inverted Data Output | 3 | |
| 16 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 17 | CML-O | Rx1p | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output | 3 | |
| 18 | CML-O | Rxln | Receiver Inverted Data Output | 3 | |
| 19 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 20 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 21 | CML-O | Rx2n | Receiver Inverted Data Output | 3 | |
| 22 | CML-O | Rx2p | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output | 3 | |
| 23 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 24 | CML-O | Rx4n | Receiver Inverted Data Output | 3 | |
| 25 | CML-O | Rx4p | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output | 3 | |
| 26 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 27 | LVTTL-O | ModPrsL | Module Present | 3 | |
| 28 | LVTTL-O | IntL | Interrupt | 3 | |
| 29 | | Vcc Tx | +3.3V Power supply transmitter | 2 | 2 |
| 30 | | Vccl | +3.3V Power supply | 2 | 2 |
| 31 | LVTTL-I | LPMode | Low Power Mode | 3 | |
| 32 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 33 | CML-I | Тх3р | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | 3 | |
| 34 | CML-I | Tx3n | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | 3 | |
| 35 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |
| 36 | CML-I | Txlp | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input | 3 | |

| VQ-2CFR4CS-ANA Product Specification | | | | | | VTEX |
|--------------------------------------|----|-------|------|---------------------------------|---|------|
| 3 | 87 | CML-I | Txln | Transmitter Inverted Data Input | 3 | |
| 3 | 8 | | GND | Ground | 1 | 1 |

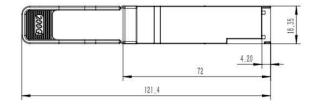
GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the QSFP56 module. All are common within the QSFP56 module, and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal-common ground plane.
Vcc Rx, Vcc1 and Vcc Tx are the receiver and transmitter power supplies and shall be applied concurrently. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown in the below Figures. Vcc Rx Vcc1 and Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the QSFP56 Module in any combination. The connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 500 mA.

Mechanical Dimension









Revision History

| Date | Rev | Description |
|------------|-----|-------------------------|
| 07/26/2020 | 1.0 | Release version |
| 02/18/2025 | 2.0 | New branding guidelines |

For more information

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